Tenant and Leaseholder Workshops (appendix 10)

Tenants workshop 1 – 25th July 2018

What should we stop doing?

- 1. Repeat trips Job not done the first time, communication to operatives about job description
- 2. Using complicated words and acronyms speak clearly
- 3. Being late and inform residents
- 4. Report of repairs only by telephone
- 5. Thinking everything is ok without checking
- 6. Relying on contractor checks
- 7. Relying on sub-contractors
- 8. Fobbing us off, saying one thing and not doing it or doing another
- 9. Being late or not turning up
- 10. Turning up and then disappearing
- 11. Lack of communication
- 12. Being disorganised, e.g without the right materials
- 13. Time wasting
- 14. Frustrating tenants
- 15. Us chasing up, wasting time
- 16. Telling us it's in the tenancy there could be disabilities
- 17. Being inconsiderate about parking (drop down kerbs)

What would it be great to start doing?

- 1. Property MOT's
- 2. Communication and training clear procedures so limitations are clear
- 3. Respect residents to create a home not just a property
- 4. A visible presence, e.g. estate wardens
- 5. Area based operatives and offices to do smaller repairs, e.g. Whitehawk pilot
- 6. Ability to do repairs when needed, i.e. attend to one job, see another, so do it
- 7. Need more staff on both sides
- 8. More apprenticeships and local staff
- 9. Local handyman
- 10. Increase "ownership" of repairs enquiries etc. by staff increases local knowledge and improve relationships between residents and staff
- 11. More awareness of disabilities and how to support residents

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- 12. More attendance at resident meetings to report back, take ownership, follow up issues and listen to residents' concerns, etc. e.g. resident involvement officers, contractor staff, BHCC staff
- 13. Increased direct communication between residents and company
- 14. Dedicated person to contact
- 15. To every issue there is a perceived solution
- 16. Trying to create storage space in homes, especially houses, e.g. removal of immersion heaters/airing cupboards/pantries
- 17. Tenants to pay for own qualified electricians/plumbers need more support to do this for personalisation of home
- 18. Relocating gas/electric meters
- 19. When BHCC remove an item, e.g. a gas fire, then remove the 'whole', not just the fire but redundant pipes too
- 20. Forms of communication to tenants check understanding of message, e.g. reading out letters and operative checks tenant is aware of what's happening.

What is good about what we do?

- 1. Call centre One contact number (improve ways to communicate, contact points to report repairs)
- 2. ID cards, branding, visible uniform, vans
- 3. Empty properties- condition when let is better than old contract. Any issues resolved quickly
- 4. EDB [contractor] workers courteous, other operatives from sub-contractors not always so polite and respectful
- 5. If it's possible to be done, they will do it. If you need help, they will try and help.
- 6. Once you get contact with correct person, things progress. Can be difficult to navigate.
- 7. Planned work if see a common theme, will consider creating a programme of work rather repeat repair
- 8. Estate inspections used to be good and regular but don't always pick up on relevant issues.
- 9. New kitchens and bathrooms (took a long time), kitchen fit was good. Individual specifications need addressing
- 10. Photo Voltaic cells great, but how does roof etc. cope longer term more solar panels available
- 11. EDB helps the whole estate, effects everyone and promotes positive interactions between tenants "cheers us up"

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- 12. Responsive repairs are carried out, but not always planned works, e.g. showers in seniors housing
- 13. If repair is reported correctly, then process works if tenant doesn't know or can't report repair then issues happen
- 14. Repair operatives seem to know what's needed. Forethought there with some workers.

- 1. Identify and stop perverse incentives and moral hazards
 - i.e with systems
 - do more to challenge how we work
 - rewards and incentives
 - more awareness of risks, advantages to contractors
- 2. More training for operatives and all staff in communication
- 3. More honesty, less excuses
- 4. More challenges for poor customer service
- 5. More accountability for the customer and organisation
- 6. More honest communication when appointments will be missed or an emergency occurs
- 7. More understanding around needs to change appointments
- 8. People's lives and flexibility around appointments
- 9. Local accountability for operatives and contractor
- 10. More local operatives
- 11. Apprentices
- 12. More 'truths' as to why appointments are missed, 'phantom calls'
- 13. More appointments outside of office hours don't presume that people are in mon-fri 9-5
- 14. More opportunity to have repairs out of hours
- 15. More services available for responsive repairs out of hours
- 16. More localised service teams small enough to take ownership of patch
- 17. Routine repairs delivered in evenings
- 18. More local teams delivering services with local knowledge
- 19. More flexibility in appointments
- 20. More transparency on costs for all residents see where the rent goes

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Tenants workshop 2 - 1st August 2018

What should we stop doing?

- 1. Relying on contractor to manage first part of empty property process (incoming tenants)
- 2. Sending out people to 'pre-inspect' small repairs
- 3. Wasting money on new turf in Summer on new build
- 4. Wasting money on sub-contractors work, without same guidelines as main contractor
- 5. Code of Conduct not being bought into by sub-contractors
- 6. Leaving grass cuttings as can end up blocking gutter
- 7. Neglecting the neighbourhood and community
- 8. More transparency about amount of money which goes on sub-contractors

What would it be great to start doing?

- 1. Let housing go into any empty properties to retrieve any usable items
- 2. Call centre respecting what residents are telling them about a needed repair
- 3. Look at new kitchen and bathroom rules within B & H standard
- 4. More post-inspections of work by (someone) independent to the contractor
- 5. Put a time limit on when planned/cyclical maintenance takes place, e.g no. of years into the future
- 6. Clearer about when work is planned
- 7. Preventative maintenance, e.g gutter clearance, soakaways, drains
- 8. When dealing with damp consider a whole building & lifestyle options
- 9. Grounds maintenance in smaller blocks to be appropriate for the site. Service charges to reflect level of service received, value for money
- 10. In-house delivery
- 11. TUPE'd BHCC staff to contractor, but now employed additional people
- 12. More in-house delivery would reduce risk of fraud, wasteage etc.
- 13. Research current and historical in-house delivery, relating to cyclical maintenance and responsive repairs
- 14. Skill base of contractors, engineers etc.
- 15. Local employment, apprentices all good

What is good about what we do?

1. New bathrooms for disabled people – the workmanship is good.

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- 2. Call waiting times are better now
- 3. Operatives are good e.g. in manner despite having bad information about the job
- 4. Uniform and I.D cards, so can check who they are
- 5. [Contractor] at start of contract
- 6. Responsive repairs
- 7. Once on site empty property cycle is good
- 8. Text ahead service
- 9. Repairs desk first questions asked to assess severity of repairs (scheduling)
- 10. Good service, quick, personable
- 11. Guidelines for Code of Conduct for [contractor]
- 12. Operatives polite and respectful ([contractors])
- 13. Operatives have I.D ([contractor])
- 14. Leasehold offers for servicing, repairs and maintenance (gas)
- 15. Apprentices
- 16. Employing local people

- 1. Estates to 'advertise' and make clear what minor repairs they do
- 2. Coming back to Brighton and Hove Decent Homes standard for repairs, kitchen and bathrooms
- 3. Driving value for money
- 4. Maintenance? Ensure sub-contractors have same standards and quality of delivery. Code of Conduct
- 5. More communication around planned works/maintenance
- 6. More publicity for cyclical works which are planned
- 7. Continue with 'Resident Inspectors'
- 8. Repairs rather than replacement (preventative maintenance)
- 9. More rigorous diagnosis of 'repair' issue (damp/lifestyle impact on issue)
- 10. More empathy with tenants
- 11. More energy efficiency
- 12. Spend more money (wisely)
- 13. More value for money for service charges
- 14. Voluntary contribution of service charge e.g. "I'd rather pay more for grass cutting than communal aerial as I don't use a communal aerial"
- 15. Make gas safety checks for leaseholders compulsory?

- 16. Take service in-house?
- 17. More client surveying (tenant and leaseholder)
- 18. More statistical analysis

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Leaseholders workshop 1 – 25th July 2018

What should we stop doing?

- 1. Wasting money, e.g. repeated visits for one job
- 2. Overcharging on works of all types
- 3. Needs better pricing and value for money e.g Albion Hill balconies and lifts
- 4. Stop absence of the truth
- 5. Stop being opaque
- 6. Stop spinning and talking things up
- 7. Inefficiencies
- 8. Being blind to contractors shortcomings
- 9. Neglecting proper feedback to residents
- "Blah and blather" i.e. corporate speak/jargon/ unnecessary
 – saying something (lots) but really saying nothing, e.g. what are the outcomes of the complaints
- 11. Being or having a "black hole"
- 12. Allowing quality to deteriorate after initial period
- 13. Calling for feedback **only** on jobs that have **not** been complained about i.e. manipulation
- 14. Contractor doing their own satisfaction survey
- Having one contract that incorporates all types of works so e.g. major projects should always be tendered independent of responsive repairs contract
- 16. Stop using Community Payback team for internal decorations, e.g. poor job at Albion Hill. Probably better used for non-skilled work.
- 17. Short-term thinking and inappropriate non future-proofed design considerations (e.g. wrong/corrosive hinges on Essex Place balcony enclosure windows near the seafront. Problems with telecom mast at Ellen not followed through to save some delays at Livingstone and Conway. Not learning from lessons.
- 18. Ignoring guarantee/warranty periods (e.g. Somerset Point external staining, although this might not be a warranty issue).
- 19. Poor specifications
- 20. Staff under resourcing and/or wrong skills
- 21. Over specifying jobs/works
- 22. Downgrading correct specifications just to save money in the shorter term (e.g quality of ironmongery at Clarendon windows)
- 23. Spec needs to be better and done by housing not a contractor
- 24. Relying on people with the wrong motivation, e.g. profit
- 25. Thinking only within one/a/someone's box. Think wider impacts/implications

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- 26. For major works stop assuming that each block in a programme requires the same works, e.g some concrete repairs at Livingstone might not have been needed as it has a different construction to the other (3/4) blocks (see Sandberg report)
- 27. One size fits all thinking
- 28. [Doing things to avoid criticism] and over specifying on Health and Safety, (how dangerous is a doormat?)
- 29. Stop "trench mentality" "it's all too much so you put your hands over heads and hide"
- 30. Stop being negative of cyclical maintenance, e.g gutters, doors, window ironmongery
- 31. Stop erosion of proper estate management skills in favour of more social work type skills, e.g needs a works department skilled to look after buildings too
- 32. Stop the "industrial landscape" in the communal areas however, also acknowledged that the health and safety implications of cluttered communal areas is very important
- 33. Stop using [consultant]; need more independent and local surveyors
- 34. Stop paying a contractor 18% profit when they simply sub-contract, e.g. hire a scaffolder

What would it be great to start doing?

- 1. Listen more to what residents want the people who live in the building
- 2. At the very inception of the project engage with tenants and leaseholders
- 3. Better involvement earlier in the process. This will improve confidence that the work is required.
- 4. Inform tenants what the project cost is and how this effects leaseholders they need to value where they live
- 5. Greater competition with works/contractors. Framework of several contractors to choose from in-house short term tie-in
- 6. BHCC should be better resourced to <u>manage</u> the new contracts/projects better, quality assurance and quality control.
- 7. BHCC must specify each product design for installation, e.g kitchens, fire doors.
- 8. Surveyors should be <u>local</u> firms either in-house for BHCC or external but local as local companies would have an interest in Brighton and Hove.
- 9. Maintenance supervisors
- Better and more regular maintenance of assets in order to extend the life of the buildings
- 11. BHCC should spend smaller amounts of money in making the buildings lok nice, e.g unpleasant entrances areas to blocks (looks too industrial)

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- 12. Buy in scaffolding. This is a large cost to leaseholders
- 13. Clearer and better programmes of planned or major work projects to be transparent, and put these on website. Publish this and any changes made clear.
- 14. Better communication in streams of work where scaffold is required
- 15. Scaffold register
- 16. List of outstanding works to a block so that different teams (projects) can tap into that and co-ordinate works
- 17. I.T system critical
- 18. Clearer recordings of what work has been completed for service charges.

 Again I.T system joined up
- 19. Warranty management BHCC
- 20. Pool of surveyors/clerk of works to use when required
- 21. Asset management out on the ground doing reports of conditions of buildings

What's good about what we do?

- 1. Quick call answering of call centre (better to have [gas contractor] with own call centre or getting full response)
- 2. Do more local operatives and sub-contractors*
- 3. Improved diagnosis (complete at 1st visit) qualifications/experience of [contractor] staff and trainees titled project manager*
- 4. Improve communication (ICT system) style of writing*
- 5. Graffiti and bulk rubbish could be better (done quickly in few days)*
- 6. Past 2 years BHCC management of planned major works supervision has improved very helpful, easy to contact
- 7. Quality of products, e.g. sinks, kitchens
- 8. Quantity of improvements good, but not certain of value for money, need more transparency of costs
- 9. Lack of joined up working coordinating repairs, so have multiple visits*
- 10. More direct BHCC surveyors to check before and after works
- 11. Improved coordination of sub-contractors and specialists, e.g. EDB, inadequate information given to operatives*
- 12. Park Court fire doors peeling (approx. 5 years ago) *
- 13. Responsive repairs improved initially with [contractor]... but not sustained. Held to account, contract good.*
- 14. Planned maintenance no better*
- 15. Warranty management *
- 16. Polite staff all the time

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- 17. Tenants and residents associations meetings more frequent attendance by BHCC officers to take queries and feedback (difference between (RIO's PIO's?)) *
- 18. EDB is a good scheme, quick bids.... but creates divide between tenants and leaseholders due to payments. Power/influence not always fair*
- 19. EDB budget reduced*
- 20. Resident involvement is positive with EDB
- 21. BHCC improved skills and knowledge with planned work. Right people for the job, more BHCC control of quality
- 22. Improved communication, e.g. workshop today
- 23. Access to housing centre tricky due to location*
- 24. Co-location of housing centre
- 25. One large contract separate responsive repairs, DLO with BHCC. Major works sub individual jobs directly managed by BHCC not a 3rd party*
- 26. More BHCC staff means improved supervision of quality and better control. Long term benefit of better product and design and reduced maintenance cost long term/
- 27. Actual contract was good but [contractor] not held to account led to issues*
- 28. Cyclical maintenance, e.g window mechanisms, long term costs vs short term savings and energy efficiency.*
- 29. Improve BHCC accountability for decisions and products

- 1. Transparency
- 2. Communication prior to 30 days
- 3. Refurbish communal areas
- 4. Parking enforcement for our blocks
- 5. Visitors parking bays appropriate use
- 6. Contractors reporting ASB for hazards
- 7. Discussions on major works before statutory consultation
 - More engagement
 - Better pricing for major works
- 8. Work with more contractors to get better quality and value for money and pool of suppliers
- More quality control, clerk of works
- 10. Cosmetics life cycle maintenance, more maintenance
- 11. Windows, lifts, doors, warranties, programmed works, maintenance a programme for this
- 12. Quality assurance checking, monitoring, building management

- 13. Communication with residents on costs of items in their homes
- 14. More practical solutions, more people on the ground, more people to contact
- 15. More joint working across the council. I.e. Cityclean
- 16. More communication with contractors and works that are not commissioned through partnership (i.e. Aerial works, wires in blocks and cables)
- 17. Planning with other teams and residents
- 18. More control over works and contract management
- 19. Surveying and specifying needs to be employed by council
- 20. Need to be more accessible
- 21. Consultation at an earlier stage
- 22. More joint working across all stakeholders to spec work and engage in procuring works and contracts
- 23. More involvement from all interested parties to prevent contractors identifying repairs, condemning systems and receiving works
- 24. Cyclical maintenance to improve life of assets (i.e. Windows, gutters, doors, external doors)
- 25. Maintenance to ensure warranties remain valid and increase life of asset
- 26. More resident inspectors to include external areas and communal areas so that small issues can be dealt with quicker before programmes
- 27. More accessible reporting on housing ICT system for:
 - Money matters
 - Jobs (old) include start dates, process, competition and cost
 - Warranty management process
 - Asset management process
 - Estate inspections
 - Clerk of works for visits, recommendations, outcomes
 - Communication with leaseholders
 - Block by block reports
 - All relating to audit trail.
- 28. More accountability and ownership of issues
- 29. Repairs calls dealt with after 1 call
- 30. More detailed responses to queries, responding to all points within the query
- 31. More understanding for leaseholders for major projects costs, large bills for works can be very difficult and impossible and destroy people capping of major costs needs to be considered
- 32. More responsibility owned by this council to keep up maintenance this can be considered appropriately through service charges

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Leaseholders workshop 2 – 1st August 2018

What should we stop doing?

- 1. Poor communication
- 2. Poor responses to email
- 3. Passing from person to person
- 4. Leaving people 'in the dark' about works
- 5. Poor maintenance of buildings
- 6. Large 'one-off' investment projects that are costly and difficult to budget for
- 7. Suddenly spending money after leaving blocks for a long time
- 8. Doing works that don't need doing
- 9. Hiding behind costs not transparent
- 10. Making mistakes that have effects on costs, e.g. scaffolding
- 11. Withholding full cost information (help to justify costs, detail in bills)
- 12. Dishonesty
- Stop all big jobs going to one main contractor (separate repairs and other works)
- 14. Using staff not qualified
- 15. Poor control of quality of works, who is checking works?
- 16. Missed appointments
- 17. Poor quality of repairs
- 18. Stop delays in programme of works
- 19. Avoiding dealing with repairs and allowing disrepair to worsen
- 20. Passing works between repairs/planned areas and therefore delaying works
- 21. Poor to little quality checking
- 22. Mis-use of council properties and funds
- 23. EDB money could be better used
- 24. Stop adding extras onto project works so that bill becomes huge
- 25. Leaving it so long to do works so that all happens at once
- 26. Passing on bills to leaseholders for faulty equipment
- 27. 'Phantom' calls blaming residents for lack of attendance
- 28. Repeat visits
- 29. '10 year plan' always year1!
- 30. 'All at once' approach, stage works
- 31. Replacing all assets at once do they need it?
- 32. Stop poor maintenance of assets
- 33. Mistakes on bills

- 34. Leaving leaseholders to have to find out detail in costs and find mistakes
- 35. Contractor condemns asset and then is incentivised to make money replacing, i.e. surveying on contractor side (should be council employee)
- 36. Stop major works bring part of any long term contract
- 37. Stop giving meaningless answers to questions
- 38. Stop hiding behind relationships
- 39. Stop charging double management fees on works
- 40. Contracting out for major works
- 41. Stop blurred lines of responsibility
- 42. Stop profit and additional management costs (hidden and transparent profit)
- 43. Stop 'non' reactive maintenance preventative maintenance doesn't happen, reactive maintenance doesn't happen, then a major project gets developed for additional profit
- 44. Charging management fees as a percentage
- 45. Stop allowing contractor to dictate costs and run the show
- 46. Using large national firms when good local contractors are available
- 47. Stop lying when works haven't been done, (tree cherry picker)
- 48. Stop giving ridiculous excesses (computer system needing to class a job)
- 49. Unreasonable costs to leaseholders challenge contractors first
- 50. Allowing contractors to 'mark own homework'
- 51. Putting good money after bad review blocks as a whole, ceilings to asset investment, consider demolish/rebuild
- 52. Stop employing [contractor]
- 53. Allowing those to specify the works when they will be doing the works
- 54. Allowing work to become necessary through neglect of maintenance
- 55. Major works on a block contract should be tendered individually
- 56. Playing divide and rule, e.g. council tenants vs leaseholders vs leaseholders tenants, resident leaseholders vs non-resident leaseholders
- 57. Issuing contracts without understanding the asset (replacement programmes not always needed, grounds maintenance per sq metre, when we don't know how many, properly assessing needs for works carried out
- 58. Having people in positions who are not qualified appropriately and cannot fully answer questions (both client and contractor)
- 59. So employing people in positions who do not have any authority to get things done
- 60. Stop fobbing us off
- 61. Stop talking down to us
- 62. Assuming that everyone is on the internet
- 63. Assume everyone can get to meetings in working hours

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- 64. Letting warranties and guarantees run out
- 65. Unclear specifications not clearly defined

What would it be good to start doing?

- Agree in conjunction with committee of leaseholders a maximum price for individual leaseholder per major works project, to ensure costs are reasonable
- 2. Maintenance of properties as per manufacturers specs
- 3. Pro-active (planned in) maintenance to reduce costly replacements
- 4. Transparent, meaningful responses to queries, e.g. evidence warranties are being enacted
- 5. Separate tendering process for major works section 20's not being part of long term agreement
- 6. Commission external/independent surveyors for major works
- 7. Make reports easier to access (fire, building, roof, cladding etc.)
- 8. Change green netting on scaffolding to lighter colour
- 9. Regular preventative maintenance routine
- 10. Keep to terms of warranties schedule inspections before warranties ends
- 11. Create accurate and up to date asset management system
- 12. Split who is doing specs of what works need to be done from organisation doing the works
- 13. Independent quality assurance, quality control and sign off
- 14. Meaningful consultation, early engagement (pre-programming) including inclusion in asset management planning process
- 15. Grouping works to save and informing leaseholders how much to save (where reasonable), where not then stagger costs to prevent large bills
- 16. Sector competent staff, e.g. surveyors, not just paper pushers
- 17. Agree maximum per annum to charge for major works
- 18. With high cost major works, give more detail; minimum of 5 years in advance to allow for budgeting
- 19. Complete inspection every one to two years to accurately manage assets and planned maintenance/repairs and major works, in conjunction with reserve accounts for pre-payment of high cost works
- 20. Online resource showing works history for properties
- 21. Pre-planning consultation
- 22. Enforcing an accurate list of warranties
- 23. Pre-planning consultation with both leaseholders and tenants
- 24. In-house surveyors, planning of works, Health & Safety, Clerk of Works and cost control

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- 25. Online resource to see history of properties to enable leaseholders (also for staff use) to plan for costs
- 26. Regular planned maintenance and inspections to prevent costly repairs
- 27. Utilising front life staff

What's good about what we do?

- 1. Responsive repairs
- 2. On site management at some places
- 3. Outreach engagement
- 4. Apprenticeships
- 5. Beginnings of a more positive relationship needs to go a lot further
- 6. Words maybe OK need to turn into actions
- 7. Meetings and resident engagement

- 1. Treat the money/budget like it's your own, (better still treat it like it belongs to councillors)
- 2. Involve everyone and remember people have the same interests (i.e. tenants and leaseholders), not necessarily true as tenants don't pay directly or at all! But main interest is in having a nice place to live
- 3. Embrace views of leaseholders more, because the council will also benefit from having more money available (efficiencies) to do more projects.
- 4. Do more of explaining finances to tenants
- 5. Routine/preventative maintenance to extend life or assets, (e.g. more at Lennox St)
- 6. Keep to guarantees, use defects liability periods, especially on cladding works
- 7. Quality control and QA
- 8. Employ more trades directly and apprentices
- 9. More procedures in place to ensure that correct building and safety regulations are followed
- 10. Communication 2 way and more option times for meetings, e.g. weekends and later evenings
- 11. More genuine consultations, earlier in process, i.e. real interest in what people have to say, not just the S20 notice, but before
- 12. More in-house surveyors and estimators you can't rely on your contractors

- 13. More comprehensive knowledge of assets including e.g. proper info of quantities/size of land/grass areas for grounds maintenance and knowledge of unit costs, and more record keeping
- 14. Honest charging e.g. if only mopping/cleaning for 48 out of 52 weeks (to account for holidays and sickness) then only charge for 48 weeks use these easy wins but if your cleaners sick you still have to pay for them
- 15. Works over a certain value should be tendered on the open market, or via chosen list of contractors, usually 3 for high value, and not the same 3 rigging problem
- 16. Local approved contractors
- 17. Have an email list for all leaseholders and invite to meetings or send communications (only found out about this meeting via someone else)
- 18. PDFs online e.g. Homing In, save money, a Facebook page (but not everyone has a computer)
- 19. More surveyors even on a project by project basis
- 20. Bank of local surveyors with local offices with a vested local interest (support the local economy) "sticky money"
- 21. More details on the annual expenditure bill be more transparent, open, honest, don't wait until asked
- 22. Let LAG use councils mailing list, even though they shouldn't have access to it
- 23. Shorter term contracts
- 24. More penalty clauses for poor performance, late delivery etc.
- 25. In-house control
- 26. More focus on overall property and estate maintenance, not just the tenancy management/people side
- 27. Transparency production of reports, availability or access to reports that show we're maintaining properties/components as per manufacturer specification
- 28. Proactive maintenance preventative
- 29. More in-house or independent surveyors, clerk of works, quantity surveyors
- 30. Meaningful S20 consultation, and the contract shouldn't cover major works, not just about commenting on work a contractor will automatically get "it moved from a democracy to a dictatorship" "the dictator moved in without anyone noticing"
- 31. Leaseholders to have special representation or advocate when long term contracts are agreed (legal or surveyor), paid from the increase in service charge fees from major works because leaseholders end up paying multiple times e.g. contract managers managing contract managers managing main contractors.
- 32. More equitable charging across the city because, e.g. unfair to have percentage of block costs in those blocks with fewer flats (e.g. for MEDs)

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33. Have a maximum cap on the value of works or bills for any leaseholder during a fixed period, e.g. an extension or variation of Florries Law.

Key

* - a negative comment in the positive section

[text] - where we have amended wording